## **Density Functional Theory study of convergence in the HOMO –LUMO Gap of fluorene-thiadiazole oligomers**

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The lower manufacturing costs of semiconductor organic compounds and their physical and chemical properties make them a novel option as electronic materials in areas not covered by inorganic compounds. They present a number of advantages: easy fabrication, large area, flexible and light weight devices [1,2].

In recent years thiophene-based electronic materials have been extensively investigated. The ease in chemical modification of their structures can potentiality allows us to fine-tune their optical and electronic properties [3]. These properties have a short relationship with the double bonds in the structure and the introduction of substituent in specific positions. In this study an addition of N in the 3 and 4 position was made in the thiophene ring to produce 1,3,4-thiadiazole and fluorene is adding at both sides of the chain.

The objective of this work is to predict the HOMO-LUMO Gap of these series of fluorenethiadiazole oligomers increasing the chain and extrapolating the linear curve of the band gap against the reciprocal of monomeric units (1/n) to find the exact length distribution and geometry of long-length conducting polymer.

All calculations of these oligomers was performed using the Gaussian 03 program with the Density Functional Theory, B3LYP and 6-31G(d).

References

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